SSAB OX TechSupport

Information from SSAB Oxelösund.



Consumables for the welding of WELDOX and HARDOX steels

In this TechSupport, SSAB Oxelösund offers suggestions for suitable consumables for the welding of WELDOX structural steel plate and HARDOX wear plate. Note that the consumables listed are only examples. In addition to these, there are numerous suitable products that also meet the SSAB Oxelösund recommendations. The consumables are classified into two main groups – unalloyed and lowalloyed grades which are the most common, and also stainless steel consumables.

Unalloyed and lowalloyed consumables

General

Unalloyed and lowalloyed consumables must meet the specified strength criteria, and their hydrogen contents must be kept at a suitably low level, which is ≤ 5 ml/100 g of weld metal.

Strength

Suitable strength levels for consumables used for the welding of WELDOX and HARDOX are given in the chart on the next page.

Hydrogen content

The hydrogen content of consumables depends on factors such as the welding method used. Solid wires for MAG with solid wire and TIG welding can meet the hydrogen content criteria for all types of consumables. Flux cored wires for MAG welding, which fulfil the hydrogen content criteria, are available for both basic and rutile types of consumables.

Metal cored wires used in MAG welding can have suitable hydrogen contents for certain grades.

Among consumables for the submerged arc welding, the combination of solid wire/ basic flux can produce sufficiently low hydrogen contents in the weld metal.

Manufacturers of consumables can provide information on the hydrogen content of a specific consumable. In addition, SSAB Oxelösund has specified



suggestions for suitable consumables. The types suggested in this TechSupport are sorted according to welding method and strength class.

Preheat/Interpass temperature

Consumables with yield strengths $(R_{p0.2})$ up to 700 MPa normally have carbon equivalents that are lower than the steels in the joint. In these cases, the preheat/interpass temperature during the welding is determined by the plates included in the joint.

For high strength consumables with yield strengths higher than 700 MPa, the carbon equivalent in the vast majority of cases is higher in the consumables than in the steels included in the joint. The preheat/interpass temperature of the consumables must therefore also be taken into account in these situations. Use the highest preheat/interpass temperature either for the plates included in the joint or for the relevant consumables. Consumables with yield strengths higher than 700 MPa make special demands on factors such as preheat and interpass temperatures during the welding, and these are therefore discussed in more detail under a separate heading.

Recommended strength of consumables for other joints		MMA		SAW (solid wire/- flux combinations)		MAG (solid wire)		MAG (all types of tubular cored wires)		TIG	
	900	EN 757	E 89X	EN 14295	S 89X	EN 12534	G 89X	EN ISO 18276(-A)	T 89X	EN 12534	W 89X
- 111	800	EN 757	E 79X	EN 14295	S 79X	EN 12534	G 79X	EN ISO 18276(-A)	T 79X	EN 12534	W 79>
	700	EN 757	E 69X	EN 14295	S 69X	EN 12534	G 69X	EN ISO 18276(-A)	T 69X	EN 12534	W 69>
	600	EN 757	E 62X	EN 14295	S 62X	EN 12534	G 62X	EN ISO 18276(- A)	т 62Х	EN 12534	W 62>
- 1111		EN 757	E 55X	EN 14295	S 55X	EN 12534	G 55X	EN ISO 18276(- A)	T 55X	EN 12534	W 55)
	500	EN ISO 2560(- A)	E 50X	EN 756	S 50X	EN 440	G 50X	EN 758	T 50X	EN 1668	W 50>
	400	EN ISO 2560(-A) EN ISO 2560(-A)	E 46X E42X	EN 756 EN 756	S 46X S 42X	EN 440 EN 440	G 46X G 42X	EN 758 EN 758	т 46X Т 42X	EN 1668 EN 1668	W 46> W 42>

R_{p0.2} [MPa]

900

800

700

600

400

MELDOX 1100 MELDOX 1300

MELDOX 1030 VELDOX 960

Recommended strength of consumables for highly stressed joints

joints

HARDOX Hituf HARDOX 400 HARDOX 450 HARDOX 500 HARDOX 550 HARDOX 550

MELDOX 700

Recommended strength

of consumables for other

MMA SAW MAG MAG MAG (solid wire/-flux combinations) (flux cored wire) (solid wire) (metal cored wire) AWS A5.23 AWS A5-28 ER120S-X AWS A5.29 E12XT-X E11XT-X AWS A5.29 AWS A5.28 ER110S-X AWS A5.28 ER1005-X AWS A5.23 E10XT-X AWS A5.29 AWS A5.28 ER90S-X 500 AWS A5.23 AWS A5.28 ER80S-X AWS A5.29 AWS A5.23 F7X AWS A5.28 ER70S-X AWS A5.29 E7XT-X NS A5.28 AWS A 5.5 E 70X

Welding consumables, AWS class

Note that X stands for one or several characters.

High strength, lowalloy consumables with yield strengths (R_{p0.2}) higher than 700 MPa

WELDOX 900-1300 steel types are frequently welded with consumables that have yield strengths of about 750-900 MPa in the all-weld metal. The consumables used are of the highest strength available on the market.

The manufacturers of consumables do not normally specify preheat/interpass temperatures for these types of consumables. The actual temperature can be determined in accordance with the European Standard EN 1011-2, Method B, for example. In addition, SSAB Oxelösund has made its own general estimates of the lowest suitable preheat/interpass temperature in accordance with the table below. This is possible since the alloying concepts are similar for the relevant consumables.

Consumables are sensitive to high interpass temperatures. All recommended consumables will achieve high strengths due to the high strength microstructures, such as martensite, in the weld metal. Due to the high content of alloy elements, martensite transformation takes place at low temperatures. This is

Single plate thickness, welded joint (mm)	Minimum working temperature (°C)
< 10	100
10 - 20	125
> 20	150

The minimum recommended preheat/interpass temperatures.

High strength consumables are normally sensitive to high heat inputs. Excessively high heat input will impair the mechanical properties of the joint. However, the permissible heat input follows our normal recommendations for the relevant steel grade. Ordinary welding conditions are otherwise applicable to WELDOX steels.

Examples of suitable lowalloy consumables

Examples of suitable lowalloyed consumables

Suggestions for various suitable consumables are given in the following tables. Note that the consumables are arranged according to the yield strength ($R_{p0.2}$) for which they are classified. In reality, a given consumable normally has a higher yield strength than its standard designation. The mechanical properties of a given consumable can be obtained from its manufacturer.

MAG solid wire

Min. yield strength (MPa)	400	470	540	610	680	745
AWS class	ER 70S-X*	ER 80S-X*	ER 90S-X*	ER 100S-X*	ER 110S-X*	ER 120S-X*
ELGA	Elgamatic 100	Elgamatic 162	Elgamatic 163	Elgamatic 135		Elgamatic 138
	Elgamatic 103			Elgamatic 147		
ESAB	OK Autrod 12.51	OK Autrod 13.09		OK Autrod 13.13	OK Autrod 13.29	OK Autrod 13.31
	OK Autrod 12.64					
LINCOLN	SUPRA MIG	LNT/LNM Ni1		LNM Moniva	LA 100	
	SUPRA MIG ULTRA	LNT/LNM Ni2,5		LA-100		
	LNM 27					
OERLIKON	Carbofil 1	Carbofil 2,5 Ni	Carbofil NiMo1	Carbofil NiMoCr		
	Carbofil 1a					
SAF	NERTALIC 70S	NERTALIC 86		NERTALIC 86		
	NERTALIC 70A					
BÖHLER	EMK 7	NiCu-1G	NiMo 1-IG		NiCrMo 2.5-IG	X 90-IG
	EMK 8				X 70-IG	
THYSSEN	Union K52	Union K5 Ni	Union MoNi	Union NiMoCr	Union X 85	Union X90
	Union K56					Union X96

* Note that X can stand for one or several code characters

MAG flux cored wire

Min. yield strength (MPa)	400	470	540	610	680	745
AWS class	E7XT-X*	E8XT-X*	E9XT-X*	E10XT-X*	E11XT-X*	E12XT-X*
ELGA	DWA 51B				Elgacore 110B	
ESAB	OK Tubrod 15.00 OK Tubrod 15.25				OK Tubrod 15.27	Filarc PZ 6149
LINCOLN	Outershield T55-H					
OERLIKON	Fluxofil 30 Fluxofil 31	Fluxofil 40 Fluxofil 48	Fluxofil 41		Fluxofil 42	Fluxofil 45
SAF	Safdual 31 Safdual 400					
BÖHLER	Kb 52-FD					
THYSSEN	Thyssen TG50B					

* Note that X can stand for one or several code characters

MAG metal cored wire

Min. yield strength (MPa)	400	470	540	610	680	745
AWS class	E7XT-X*	E8XT-X*	E9XT-X*	E10XT-X*	E11XT-X*	E12XT-X*
ELGA	MXA 100	MXA 55T				
	MX 100T					
ESAB	Filarc PZ 6102				OK Tubrod 14.03	
	Filarc PZ 6105R					
LINCOLN	Outershield MC710-H				Outershield MC1100	
	Outershield MC715-H					
OERLIKON	Fluxofil M8				Fluxofil M42	
	Fluxofil M10					
SAF	Safdual 200	Safdual 202	Safdual 255		Safdual 270	
	Safdual 206					
BÖHLER	HL 50-FD					
	HL 52-FD					
THYSSEN	Thyssen TG55Fe					
	Thyssen MV70					

* Note that X can stand for one or several code characters

MMA

Min. yield strength (MPa)	399	399	460	530	600	670	740
AWS class	E 7016 E 7018	E 7028	E 8016 E 8018	E 9018	E 10018	E 11018	E 12018
ELGA	P48S P51 P62MR	Maxeta 21	P48K P65MR	P70		P110MR Maxeta 110	
ESAB	OK 48.00 OK 48.08 OK 53.68	OK Femax 38.65	OK 73.68 OK 73.15	OK 74.78 FILARC 98S		ОК 75.75	OK 75.78
LINCOLN	Baso 100 Conarc 48 Conarc 49 Kryo 1	Conarc V180 Conarc V250 Conarc L150	Kryo 1-180 Kryo 1N Kryo 3	Kryo 2 Conarc 60G Conarc 70G		Conarc 80	Conarc 85 Conarc 85-150
OERLIKON	Tenacito Tenacito 38 R	Febacito 160S Ferrocord B250	Tenacito 70 Tenacito 70B	Tenacito 65 Tenacito 65R	Tenacito 75	Tenacito 80	Tenacito 100
SAF	Safer MF48 Safer NF59A Safer Prestige	Safer NF52 Safer NF53	Safer NF59 Safer MD56	Safer ND65	Safer MD70	Safer ND80	Safer ND100
BÖHLER	FOX EV 47 FOX EV 50-W		FOX EV 60 FOX EV 63 FOX EV 65	FOX EV 70 FOX U 80 N	FOX EV 75	FOX EV 85	
THYSSEN	SH Grün K50W SH Grün K52W Phoenix 120K		SH V 370 SH V 1 SH Ni 2 K70	SH Schwarz 3 K Ni	SH Ni2 K90 ThyssenNiMo100	SH Ni2 K100	SH Ni2 K130

SAW wire/powder combinations

Min. yield strength (MPa)	400	470	540	610	680	745
AWS class	ER 70S-X*	ER 80S-X*	ER 90S-X*	ER 100S-X*	ER 110S-X*	ER 120S-X*
ELGA	Elgaflux 251B/					
	Elgasaw 102					
ESAB	OK Flux 10.71/	OK Flux 10.62/			OK Flux 10.62/	
	OK Autrod 12.20	OK Autrod 12.24			OK Autrod 13.43	
	OK Flux 10.71/					
	OK Autrod 12.22					
LINCOLN	P 230/L-61	P 230/LNS140A	P240/LNS151	P230/LNS 168		
	P 230/LNS 133 U	Lincolnweld 8500/				
	Lincolnweld 860/L61	L-70				
OERLIKON	OP121TT/	OP121TT/	OP121TT/		UV421TT/	
	OE-SD3	OE-S2Mo	OE-S3NiMo1		Union S3NiMoCr	
SAF	AS589/AS37**		AS589/AS 40A**			
BÖHLER	BB24/ EMS2		BB24/ 3NiMo 1-UP	BB24/		
				3 NiCrMo 2.5-UP		
THYSSEN	UV 420TT / Union S2	UV421TT/	UV421TT/			
		Union S2NiMo	Union S3NiMo			

* Note that X can stand for one or several code characters

** No information on classification of flux/wire combination according to the relevant AWS standard

Stainless steel consumables

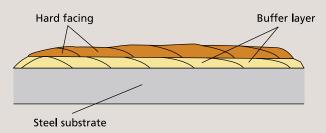
HARDOX and WELDOX steels can always be welded with austenitic stainless steel consumables of type AWS 307. The typical basic chemical composition for this grade is 18% Cr, 8% Ni, 6% Mn. After welding, high resistance is achieved to both hydrogen cracks and hot cracks in the welded joint. The structure of the weld metal will contain austenite, which contributes to high toughness of the weld metal. The yield strength ($R_{p0,2}$) of this type of consumables is around 450 – 500 MPa.

Other important benefits of welding with this type of consumables are:

- Preheat/Interpass temperatures, i.e. a temperature above +20°C in the joint as well as in the surrounding air, can be avoided on all HARDOX and WELDOX steels, with the exception of HARDOX 600. Further information is available in the welding brochure from SSAB Oxelösund.
- Welding operations can be performed for the welding of HARDOX and WELDOX grades to other kinds of steels, such as:

- Stainless steels

- Manganese steels (Hadfield steel)
- Steels that are difficult to weld, such as spring steels



• This type of consumable is suitable as the buffer layer in hard facing

An alternative to the welding consumable AWS 307 is an austenitic stainless steel consumable according to AWS 309. However, the risk of hot cracking is somewhat higher when using consumables of type AWS 309 compared to ones according to AWS 307. Consumables according to AWS 307 are listed in the table on the next page.

Examples of suitable stainless steel consumables

Welding method	ММА	MAG, solid wire	MAG, fluxcored tubular wire	MAG, metal cored wire
AWS class	A5.4: E307-X*	A5.9: ER307		A5.22: E307T-X*
ELGA	Cromarod 307B	Cromamig 307Si		
ESAB	OK 67.45 OK 67.52	OK Autrod 16.95	OK Tubrod 15.34	OK Tubrod 14.71
LINCOLN	Jungo 307 Arosta 307	LNM 307		
AVESTA WELDING	307	307-Si		
SAF	Safinox R 307	Nertalic 51	Safdual 651	
OERLIKON	Citochromax N Citochromax R Citochromax RS	Inertfil 18 8 6	Fluxinox 307 Fluxinox 307-PF	Fluxinox M 307
SANDVIK	18.8.MnR	Sandvik 18.8.Mn Sandvik 18.8.CMn		
BÖHLER	FOX A 7	A 7-IG	A 7-FD	
THYSSEN	Thermanit X Thermanit XW	Thermanit X		

* Note that X can stand for one or several code characters



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